## **CLAIMS**

- 1. An isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity.
- 2. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 wherein the amino acid sequence is at least 90% identical to SEQ ID NO.2 or a homologue, analogue or derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity.
- 3. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 wherein the amino acid sequence is at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO.2 or a homologue, analogue or derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity.
- 4. The isolated nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 wherein the amino acid sequence is at least 98% identical to SEQ ID NO.2 or a homologue, analogue or derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity.
- 5. The isolated nucleic acid molecule according to claim 1 having the nucleotide sequence of SEQ ID No.1 or its complement.
- 6. The isolated nucleic acid of claim 5 encoding a polypeptide having the sequence of SEQ ID No.2.
- 7. A chimeric gene comprising the isolated nucleic acid molecule of Claim 1 operably linked to at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell.
- 8. The chimeric gene according to claim 7 wherein the at least one regulatory sequence allows expression of the coding sequence in a bacterial,

fungal, insect or plant cell.

- 9. The chimeric gene according to claim 7 wherein the at least one regulatory sequence allows expression of the coding sequence in a plant cell.
- 10. The chimeric construct according to Claim 7 wherein the at least one regulatory sequence is the phaseolin promoter.
- 11. A vector comprising the chimeric construct according to claim 7.
- 12. An isolated host cell comprising (a) an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity, and at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell, or (b) a vector comprising an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity, and at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell.
- 13. The host cell of claim 12 wherein the host cell is selected from the group consisting of yeast, bacteria, insect and plant cells.
- 14. A transgenic plant comprising (a) a chimeric gene comprising an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity, and at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell, or (b) a vector comprising an

isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity, and at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell.

- 15. A method for producing delta -12 epoxy fatty acids which comprises: (i) transforming a host cell with a chimeric construct comprising (a) a chimeric gene comprising an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity, and at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell, or (b) a vector comprising an isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity, and at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell; and (ii) growing the transformed host cells of step (i) under conditions that are suitable for expression of the nucleic acid molecule encoding the delta1-fattuy acid epoxygenase wherein the expression results in production of altered levels of fatty acid modifying enzyme in the transformed host cell.
- 16. The method of claim 15 in which the cell is a plant cell.
- 17. The method according to claim 15 comprising the additional step of (iii) regenerating the cell obtained by step (ii) into a plant
- 18. A method for producing a delta 12-epoxygenase enzyme comprising the following steps:
- (i) transforming a microbial or a plant cell with a chimeric gene comprising an

isolated nucleic acid molecule encoding a delta 12-fatty acid epoxygenase enzyme comprising an amino acid sequence which is at least about 80% homologous to SEQ ID No. 2 or a homologue, an analogue or a derivative thereof which has epoxygenase activity, and at least one regulatory sequence that allows the expression of the coding sequence in a host cell; (ii) growing the transformed cells obtained from step (i) under conditions that results in expression of the delta 12-epoxygenase enzyme.

19. The method of claim18 wherein the siolated nucleic acid encodes a *Stokesia laevis* delta12-epoxygenase enzyme.